

CLO₂



WP 4.1, 4.2

The Learning Outcome Framework

"Professionalising training and mobility for \underline{O} utdoor animators in Europe bridging the gap between sector \underline{C} ompetences and \underline{L} earning \underline{O} utcomes" $\mathbf{CLO2}$

UK/08/LLP-LdV/T0I/163_178

The **Matrix** presented within, is the result of a coherent sequence of development steps. These steps were designed to bring the statements describing the common elements in the profession of Outdoor Animator in the European Qualifications Framework for Outdoor Animators (EQFOA) to the identification of **specific Learning Outcomes**.

The first step in this process was the transformation of concepts of **ability**, **aptitude** and **competence** identified in the EQFOA into broad Learning Outcomes.

In order to do this the project group used Bloom's Taxonomy of Learning Outcomes (1956), the level descriptors from the European Qualifications Framework (EQF) and guidelines on setting learning outcomes at specific EQF levels from one of its member organisations: the National Qualifications Authority of Ireland (NQAI).

The result transformed the **65 statements of competence** in the EQFOA into **65 associated learning outcomes**. These learning outcomes were then compared and **some coalitions were made** for clarity and in order to match actual work and training environments among the nations of the project partners.

The resultant **50 learning outcomes** were then linked into "clusters" or groupings of Learning Outcomes which had a common theme or element. Sometimes the commonality related to the work of the Outdoor Animator as defined in the Occupational Map (EQFOA project) and at other times it related to themes which were derived from the practical delivery of training at the workplace or in a training institution's setting. They were further regrouped into **42 sub-modules**.





These clusters led to the development of **8 modules or units** totalling **42 Learning Outcomes**, otherwise referred to as sub-modules and positioned at the centre of the Matrix, looking as follows:



Extract 1 of the Matrix: 8 modules including 42 Learning Outcomes

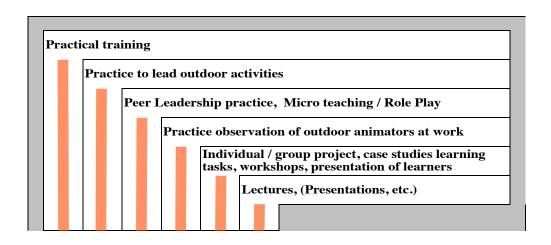
The partners then used a common module template design in order to define appropriate "Teaching and Learning strategies" and appropriate "Assessment strategies" for each module and sub-modules of Learning Outcome.

The Learning and Assessment strategies were defined upon a continuum which ranged from **Practical to Theoretical**.

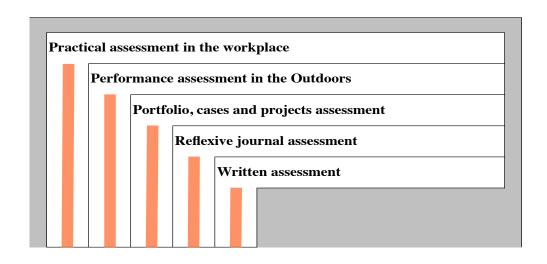




6 learning strategies and **5 assessment strategies** were identified in this process:



Extract 2 of the Matrix: 6 learning strategies



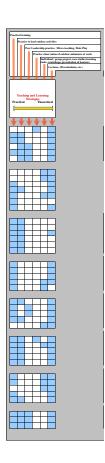
Extract 3 of the Matrix: 5 assessment strategies





In order to capture **all these strategies** in a format which gave visual clarity, a Matrix was designed to indicate how each Learning Outcome may be **acquired and validated through assessment**.

The "Teaching and Learning strategies" was positioned on the left hand side of the modules presented above and the strategies chosen to match each module was indicated by a blue square positioned in front of the corresponding sub-module, in the corresponding column, as presented below:

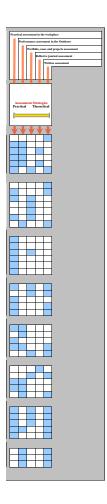


Extract 4 of the Matrix: 6teaching and learning strategies per 42 sub-modules





The "Assessment strategies" was positioned on the right hand side of the modules presented above and the strategies chosen to match each module was indicated by a blue square positioned in front of the corresponding sub-module, in the corresponding column, as presented below:



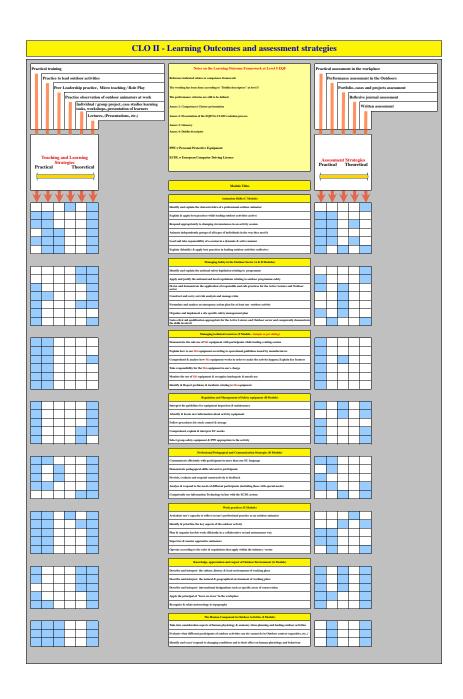
Extract 5 of the Matrix: 5 assessment strategies per 42 sub-modules

The 8 modules and 42 sub-modules, together with their teaching and learning strategies and assessment strategies, constitute the essence of the Matrix.

The Matrix then looked as presented below:







Extract 6 of the Matrix: a first draft





The partners then decided to complete the Matrix with further information and common decisions on the "Learning Efforts" required to each Learning Outcome.

A "brain storming" was conducted amongst the Employers groups' representatives who ensured a proper **balance of effort** to the development of a professional Outdoor Animator; this effort was split between "directed learning", ie: lectures ..., "self learning" and "workplace learning".

Each sub-module was analysed and then marked in the corresponding column as "green" if the identified learning effort was the **main** one, "orange" if the learning effort was considered as participating in **some** acquisition, and finally "white" if the learning effort was **not relevant** to the considered sub-module.

ECVET points were only allocated as a total of 120 points, but not yet dispatched amongst the modules and/or sub-modules.

The summarizing chart looked as such:



Extract 7 of the Matrix: the learning efforts





Finally, the partners decided to check that each learning effort did correspond to the competences identified through the EQFOA project.

A fourth column was therefore added to the Matrix, presenting the reference code to the competence or competences concerned by the corresponding Learning Outcome.

This "fourth column" looked as such:



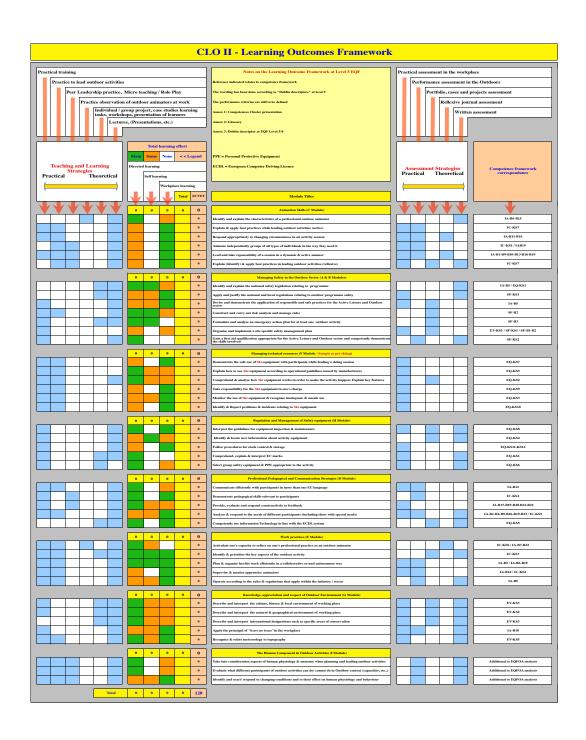
Extract 8 of the Matrix: correspondence with EQFOA defined competences

The result of this whole process is the Learning Outcome Framework below:



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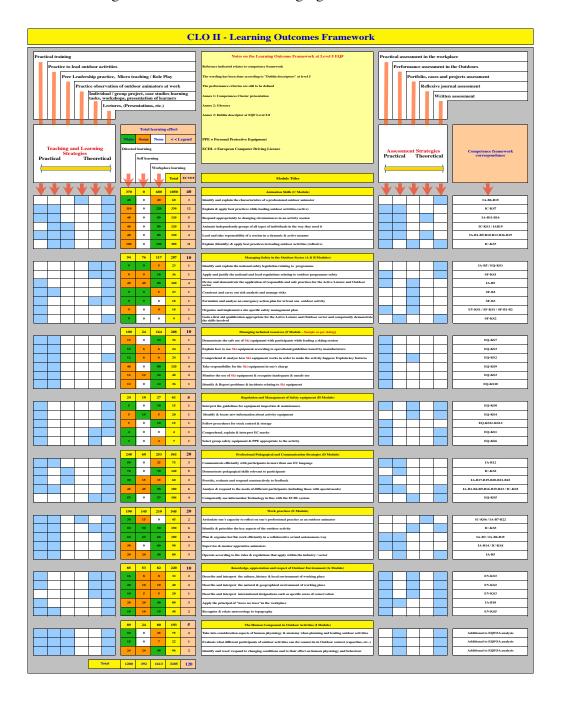
Document 9: The final Matrix





From this Matrix, two tests were organised with a French and a Hungarian University; the results of the tests are presented within a document called "CLO2_LOF_Testing".

Improvement was brought to the Matrix above, bringing to the final version below:







Annexes

Annex 1: Competences Cluster presentation

Annex 2: Glossary

Annex 3: Dublin descriptor at EQF Level 5-8