





## 1 - Contacts (if any):

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### **2 - Regulatory measures** (*if any*):

FI\_A\_RM\_1\_Sector\_Safetyact\_SME\_NAT

FI\_A\_RM\_2\_Sector\_Programsafetystandards\_SME\_NAT

FI\_A\_RM\_3\_Horseriding\_Programsafetystandards\_SME\_NAT

FI\_A\_RM\_4\_Ski\_Programsafetystandards\_SME\_NAT

FI\_A\_RM\_5\_Karting\_Programsafetystandards\_SME\_NAT

### 3 – Standards (if any):

None

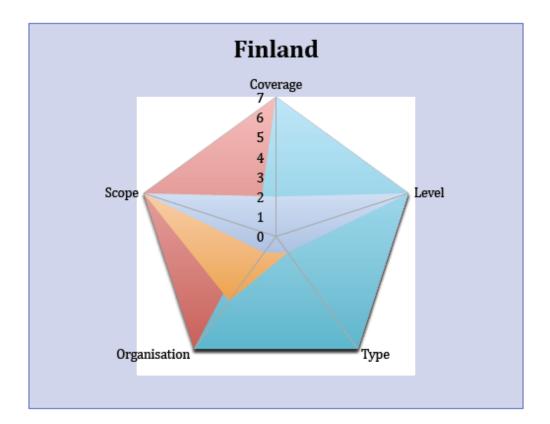
## 4 – Program safety (if any):

None a s such, programs safety are regulatory measures (see above).

# **5 – Other non-regulatory measures:**

## **Best practice:**

FI\_I\_BP\_1\_Sector\_Lapland\_SME\_REG FI\_I\_BP\_2\_Sector\_Safetymanagement\_SME\_NAT



### **6 – Comments:**

Finland has a national legislation on what is called 'program services', making it compulsory for SME's offering outdoor activities to develop their own safety scheme. Moreover, the Finnish consumer agency also issued guidelines for the promotion of safety in horse riding, in skiing and in karting. The combination of both national legislation and national guidelines creates a very high constraint upon the Finish SME's.

The consequence of this model is a <u>state controlled</u> global approach that seems to leave little space for the sector providers to design an agreed adapted 'programme safety scheme'.

The Finnish model is clearly a centralised and holistic approach that takes into account every aspect of safety – amongst others - in outdoor leisure activities and addresses the issue at a national (sectoral) level.

It gives Finland a very high potential for implementing a safety policy for outdoor leisure activities although the participation of private parties, as recommended by the 2008 EIM study is extremely limited.

The overall effectiveness of measures related to safety of outdoor leisure activities in Finland corresponds to pattern N°1.

#### 7 – Attachments:

- 1 Member State Synoptic Chart FI Finland
- 7 Measure Synoptic Charts
- 7 Measures in hard copy